





MODERATE A PANEL DISCUSSION

LEVEL 5 PROJECT



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INTRODUCTION



A panel discussion is a moderated conversation between experts in front of an audience. Discussions of this type provide the opportunity for an audience to hear several speakers discuss and debate their views, beliefs, and expertise on a specific topic. Some panels include questions from the audience to expand the discussion and increase audience engagement.

In this project, you will learn effective moderation techniques, how to host a panel discussion, and how to prepare yourself and the panelists. You will develop knowledge about what is expected of you as a panel member, proper etiquette for speaking and responding on a panel, and tools for providing the best experience for your audience, yourself, and other panel members. You will learn to adjust for any changes during the panel and how to create a comfortable atmosphere for learning and interaction.

YOUR ASSIGNMENT

Purpose: The purpose of this project is to apply your skills as a public speaker and leader to facilitate a panel discussion.

Overview: Plan and moderate a 20- to 40-minute panel discussion. The panel discussion can be on any topic and may take place at a club meeting or outside of Toastmasters with the approval of your vice president education. Toastmasters who participate as panelists do not receive credit in Toastmasters Pathways. When you have the opportunity, volunteer to act as a panelist for another member completing this project.

For all assignment details and requirements, review the Project Checklist on page 19.



Throughout this project you will see icons in the margins next to the text. These icons indicate additional resources available online.



Video: Sign in to Base Camp to watch a video that supports this project.



Interactive Activity: Sign in to Base Camp to complete an interactive activity.



Resource: Sign in to Base Camp to view this resource online

ASSESS YOUR SKILLS AS A MODERATOR

Evaluate your current skill level by rating each statement.



Select the appropriate number based on your skills today:

	5 EXEMPLARY				4 EXCEL	3 ACCOMPLISHED	2 EMERGING		DE\	1 /ELO	PING	İ
	Pre-	Pro	ject	t	Statement					-Pro	ojec	t
5	4	3	2	1	I am comfort	able directing a group con	versation.	5	4	3	2	1
5	4	3	2	1	I am able to k	keep a group focused on th	ne topic at hand.	5	4	3	2	1
5	4	3	2	1		what is expected of a pane g, and after a discussion.	el moderator	5	4	3	2	1
5	4	3	2	1	I am confider or concerns.	nt that I will be able to field	any questions	5	4	3	2	1
5	4	3	2	1	I have the co environment	nfidence to foster a comfor	rtable	5	4	3	2	1
5	4	3	2	1		overcome challenges and f elements of moderating ar		5	4	3	2	1
5	4	3	2	1	I recognize h of Toastmaste	ow this project applies to r ers.	ny life outside	5	4	3	2	1

ASSESS YOUR SKILLS AS A PANEL PARTICIPANT

Evaluate your current skill level by rating each statement.



Select the appropriate number based on your skills today:

	5 EXEMPLARY				4 3 2 EXCEL ACCOMPLISHED EMERGING			1 DEVELOPING					
	Pre-Project						Statement		F	ost	-Pro	ojec	:t
ļ	5	4	3	2	1	I know what	to expect when participatii	ng on a panel.	5	4	3	2	1
ļ	5	4	3	2	1	I am comfort	able speaking on a panel a	s a topic expert.	5	4	3	2	1
ļ	5	4	3	2	1	I am able to s	I am able to share speaking time with others.				3	2	1
ļ	5	4	3	2	1	I am able to e without getti	engage in active debate and ing personal.	d discussion	5	4	3	2	1
ļ	5	4	3	2	1		what is expected of panel operations of panel operations and after the		5	4	3	2	1
ļ	5	4	3	2	1	I recognize h of Toastmaste	ow this project applies to n ers.	ny life outside	5	4	3	2	1

COMPETENCIES

The following is a list of competencies that you will learn and practice in this project.

- Practice effective moderation techniques.
- Identify panel members appropriate to the subject matter.
- Prepare yourself and the participants for a panel.
- Be prepared to answer questions or concerns.
- Learn the correct etiquette for before, during, and after the panel.
- Foster a comfortable environment for learning and interaction.

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES

As the moderator of a panel discussion, you are responsible for generating the questions to keep the conversation moving forward. You are also expected to bring a degree of expertise to the panel discussion and provide the audience with a memorable, educational experience.

As a panel participant, your goal is to maintain a clear focus when you speak and contribute to a discussion that informs and maintains audience interest.

PREPARE TO MODERATE

Prepare to moderate a panel by knowing and understanding the topic. You may either receive the topic from the hosting organization or create the topic on your own.

RECEIVING A TOPIC

If you have been asked by an organization to moderate a panel, they will provide the topic. Take time to research the subject of your panel discussion; a wellrounded knowledge enables you to moderate with confidence and efficiency.

CHOOSING A TOPIC

When selecting your own topic for a panel discussion, focus on your objectives, interests, and knowledge. Establish your personal objectives for the panel and the message you want to express. Consider who may be in your audience and the impact of any potential topic. Look to your own interests and expertise for guidance. Your passion for a particular subject can appeal to an audience and create a more dynamic panel discussion.

Once you have decided upon a topic, take time to research. The more you understand of the subject, the more likely you are to present relevant facts to an audience and guide the panel to provide pertinent information.



PREPARE TO PARTICIPATE ON THE PANEL

PREPARE

Participating on a panel gives you the opportunity to interact with people of differing opinions. Knowing how to prepare is helpful, whether you are an experienced panelist or participating for the first time.

RESEARCH

Preliminary research is vital to making the most of any panel discussion. Understand the purpose of the panel and prepare the information necessary to provide appropriate content on your area of expertise. Learn about the context of your panel by speaking to the moderator ahead of time.

FURTHER STUDY

Once you are clear on the purpose of the panel, study any news stories, statistics, or other sources that connect your topic with the personal interests of your audience. Having a well-rounded knowledge of the topic and how your skill set fits in with other panelists helps fuel the conversation.

OTHER PANELISTS

Research the other panelists and be prepared to defend your position in the face of opposing views. If you discover a panelist with expertise or a point of view that is similar to yours, communicate ahead of time and establish guidelines for who will cover the different facets of the topic. Regardless of similar or differing viewpoints, all interactions with fellow panelists must be thoughtful and respectful.

QUESTION-AND-ANSWER SESSION

Many panel discussions include a question-and-answer session with the audience. There is no way to know for sure what an audience member will ask, but you can prepare by creating a list of potential questions and answers that apply to your area of expertise.

WHAT TO WEAR

Check with the panel moderator for any special information about the venue, topic, or audience that would impact your choice of attire. Dress appropriately for the occasion; professional attire is usually a safe choice.



Audience members may possess a pre-existing bias or agenda. If you are addressing a formal organization, research its background and history in advance and incorporate that understanding into your responses.

If contention arises with an audience member, acknowledge the individual's main points and thank her for contributing. You may choose to reiterate your point of view or factual information, and then defer to the moderator. Whether you choose to engage with an audience member or not, sustain a calm tone of voice and always maintain your professionalism.

INVITE THE EXPERTS

CHOOSING PANEL MEMBERS

Consider the different viewpoints that need to be addressed and find the best representatives for each. Varying points of view give the audience the opportunity to make up their own minds about the topic.

Choose a diverse group of panel members who can:

- Be relatable and charismatic.
- Articulate their expertise of the topic.
- Teach the topic to others.
- Answer a variety of questions related to the topic.
- Represent diversity of skills, expertise, and background.
- Embody varying viewpoints to give a robust view of the topic.

Generally, a panel discussion works best with up to four participants, depending on the topic. Keep time constraints in mind. If your time is limited, invite fewer speakers.



The people you choose to help you complete your assignment may not be familiar with best practices for participating on a panel. Distribute the Panelist Basics resource on page 24 to guide them while they prepare.

PLAN YOUR QUESTIONS

Once you know your topic and the participating panelists, assemble a list of questions. Keep in mind each speaker's expertise along with the intended message and objective of the event. Create a list of additional questions you anticipate the audience may have for you or the panelists.

OPEN-ENDED QUESTIONS

Devise open-ended questions to allow for a broader, more interesting discussion. Consider a statement that instructs the speakers on what to address, such as, "Tell me more about your experience in the field." The questions should prompt conversations amongst the panelists. Open-ended questions require your speakers to answer with more than a "yes" or "no."

PREPARING PANELISTS

Prepare your panelists with substantial context and the questions beforehand to pave the way for a smooth, successful discussion. Being an expert on a topic does not necessarily mean that all relevant knowledge is at the forefront of one's mind. With enough time to prepare, your panel can alert you to any concerns.

If you have questions involving data or statistics, your speakers may need time to research information to support their answers. There is also the possibility that one of your questions might trigger something negative for a speaker, or perhaps she is not at liberty to discuss a certain subject. If this occurs, discuss the challenge with your panel member and decide if the topic can reasonably be avoided or if the panelist will need to be replaced.

Remember to review practical, day-of-the-event information with your panelists as well. Provide a schedule and suggested time limits for responses whenever possible. This will help to avoid confusion or upset when time is more limited or longer than a panelist expects.

MAKE INTRODUCTIONS

When your panel event begins, wait for participants to be seated, and introduce the topic to be discussed. Restate what's written in your publicity materials. This serves as a great reminder to the audience of the topic to be discussed.

After introducing the topic, introduce yourself. Your audience will want to know who you are and why you are moderating the panel.

Introduce the panelists or let them introduce themselves, as long as they know in advance so they're prepared. Introductions explain why the panelists were invited to speak on this topic and include their background and expertise. Knowing more about the experts who are speaking may help the audience feel more of a connection to the topic and the panelists.



ETIQUETTE FOR PANELISTS

STRATEGIES

Considerate, professional behavior is integral to your participation on a panel. Read over the following strategies to learn more.

SHARING THE TIME

As a respectful panel member, you must share speaking time with the other panelists. Track the length of your responses. Observe the body language of other panel members and the audience while speaking. If they are expressing a sense of disinterest, it may be time to conclude your remarks so that another speaker can take over the discussion. By allowing someone else to speak, you show your audience that you are respectful of different points of view.

SHARING PERSONAL STORIES

There are times when a personal example can effectively highlight a point. Consider the relevance and appropriateness of your story. Make a list of personal anecdotes that relate to the panel topic beforehand to ensure an organized, polished presentation.

COMMUNICATING WITH RESPECT

All speakers' opinions must be respected. Engaging in a healthy debate during a panel is appropriate and may even be expected. Make sure your remarks never turn into personal attacks.

Respect is shown in your verbal and nonverbal behavior. Be aware of your body language when someone else is speaking. Look at the speaker and listen to what she has to say. The audience will notice if you are not actively engaged.

FIELDING UNEXPECTED QUESTIONS

Create a list of potential questions the audience might have and be prepared to answer them. When faced with a question for which you don't have an answer, pause to gather your thoughts. You may repeat the question for clarification before giving your response.



If you don't have an answer, let the audience member know. You may choose to tell the audience member that you'll look into the issue and respond with an answer if time and circumstance allow. Depending on the type of panel, this may happen through coordinated post-panel feedback or with a personal response at a later date.

ADAPTING YOUR PUBLIC SPEAKING SKILLS

A panel is not a presentation or a speech. The audience members are there to form their own opinions on a topic based on information from the panelists' various perspectives. Keep your communication style conversational. An open style and tone will encourage other panelists and the audience to listen to your point of view.

Avoid providing too much information at once. Too much information might confuse or overwhelm your audience. Instead, talk about how your expertise relates to the topic and may apply to audience members and their lives.

MODERATOR: CREATE A COMFORTABLE ENVIRONMENT

Demonstrate your confidence and poise as the moderator through your body language and voice. Poise is your ability to stay calm under pressure, and reassures your audience that you have control of the room. Remain calm even if something unexpected happens or there are difficult audience members who may challenge the panelists' expertise or opinions. You can review how to respond to some types of difficult audience members in the elective project "Managing a Difficult Audience."

Your goal as the moderator is to focus on the objective of the panel and keep it at the center of the discussion.

Keep track of time during the panel discussion. Make sure that each panelist is given a fair amount of speaking time and that the event ends at the expected hour.

During the discussion, sub-topics may be raised. You may have anticipated some of them in advance and identified some time for them. Don't hesitate to bring discussion to a halt if you feel the topic and sub-topic have been covered.

If a panel member speaks for too long about a particular topic, you may need to respectfully stop the discussion and move on. Even if the information is valuable, you have a responsibility to the other panelists and your audience.

If you have to stop a panelist during his response, be conscious of your tone. Wait until he finishes a point, thank him for his contribution, and explain that for the sake of time you have to move on.

PARTICIPATING ON A PANEL

You are an excellent panel participant and have been asked to sit on a panel for your Toastmasters district. The panel is discussing the best way to become a successful speaker. In the following pages, choose the best response to each audience question.



. What is th public spe	e most important thing you need to learn to be a successful eaker?
	is the most important thing you can do. Speak as often as possible uate other speakers in your club.
☐ Avoid sp you say.	eaking in public until you are completely confident in every word
	ze every word of your speech. When you memorize, you are less make a mistake.
	s volunteering to be a leader in Toastmasters help with my goals to be a better public speaker?
	in Toastmasters have many opportunities to speak and to hear high peakers. It really is true, the more you contribute the more you gain.
,	ou volunteer, you have less time to speak yourself, but you get to see other people speak.
□ Voluntee	ering provides no benefit to your public speaking abilities.
	ke to compete in next year's International Speech Contest. begin to develop a speech to reach that level?
☐ You will	think of a topic closer to the event. Don't worry about it now.
☐ Ask your	mentor to help you.
	w by choosing a topic that interests you. Enter contests at your club, d district to hone your content and your skill.

Answers: 1. Practice is the most important thing you can do... 2. Leaders in Toastmasters have many opportunities... 3. Start now by choosing a topic that interests you...

QUESTION AND ANSWER

After you have concluded the panel discussion, provide the audience with a quick summary of the discussion that took place. Then you can move into the question-and-answer period, if this is planned.

A question-and-answer period will not be as structured as the panel discussion, but there are procedures to keep it running smoothly.

To maintain momentum, repeat each audience member's question and identify a specific panelist for an answer.

Do your best to match the question with the appropriate panelist's expertise. Use more generalized questions as an opportunity to involve more panelists. If the audience doesn't ask questions, you can pose your own pre-determined questions to the panelists for a response.

During a question-and-answer period, continue to manage overall time as well as the amount of time that each panelist speaks. If one panelist is monopolizing speaking time, thank her for her answer and direct the question to a different individual.

As you approach the scheduled end of your session, let the audience know time allows for only one more question. After this question has been answered, give a brief summary of the presentation. If planned, let the audience know that they can talk to the panelists in an identified area of the facility. This allows for networking and building new relationships, an excellent benefit of attending the event.

EXPRESS THANKS

Whether you're the moderator or a panelist, be sure to thank the audience and all other participants. Acknowledge that you are privileged to participate and that you too learned from the experience. Be prepared to make yourself available after the panel discussion to meet with attendees and answer any questions.

There are times when a panel discussion does not go as expected. When panelists do not work well together, either because they are at odds or one monopolizes the conversation, it falls to the moderator to adjust the format of the event. There are a variety of techniques you may use to address the situation.

- Direct the conversation away from topics that are overly contentious or divisive.
- Set time limits for each panelist to speak, limiting conversations or arguments between panel members.
- Stop conversations altogether and allow each panel member to give a speech expressing his point of view without interruption.
- End the event. When interventions are ineffective, thank your panel, your audience, and close the discussion.

REVIEW AND APPLY

Before you complete the assignment, take a moment to read through the questions you see here. If you are not able to answer them comfortably, review the project.

- List some effective moderation techniques.
- How will you identify panel members that are appropriate for your subject matter?
- What steps can you take to prepare yourself and your panel members for your panel discussion?
- How can you best prepare to answer questions during your panel discussion?
- What are the most important rules of etiquette for before, during, and after a panel discussion?
- What steps can you take to foster a comfortable environment for learning and interaction?

COMPLETE YOUR ASSIGNMENT



Now that you have read through the project, plan and prepare your speech or report.

Review: Return to page 3 to review your assignment.



Organize: Use the Project Checklist on page 19 to review the steps and add your own. This will help you organize and prepare your assignment.

Schedule: Work with the vice president education to schedule your panel discussion.



Prepare: Prepare for your evaluation. Review the evaluation resources on pages 21–23 and share all resources with your evaluator before your speech. You may choose to share your evaluation resources online.

PROJECT CHECKLIST

Moderate a Panel Discussion

Purpose: The purpose of this project is to apply your skills as a public speaker and leader to facilitate a panel discussion.

Overview: Plan and moderate a 20- to 40-minute panel discussion. The panel discussion can be on any topic and may take place at a club meeting or outside of Toastmasters with the approval of your vice president education. Toastmasters who participate as panelists do not receive credit in Toastmasters Pathways. When you have the opportunity, volunteer to act as a panelist for another member completing this project.

This project includes:

- Planning and moderating a 20- to 40-minute panel discussion
- The Panelist Basics resource
- The Project Completion Form

Below are tasks you will need to complete for this project. Please remember, your project is unique to you. You may alter the following list to incorporate any other tasks necessary for your project.

Select a topic for your panel discussion or review the topic you are tasked with covering.
Meet with your club leadership team to schedule your panel discussion or notify your vice president education of the time and date of your non-Toastmasters panel.
Invite panelists to your discussion and distribute the Panelist Basics resource.
If appropriate, advertise or send invitations for your panel discussion. If your panel is held outside of Toastmasters, invite your vice president education and/or other club members to attend, including your evaluator for the project.

PROJECT CHECKLIST - Moderate a Panel Discussion

C	you are unable to include a Toastmaster to evaluate you as a moderator, share the Evaluation riteria and Evaluation Form resources with another attendee at your event and collect his or her eedback.
	loderate your panel discussion.
	you held your panel discussion outside of Toastmasters, submit your signed Project Completion orm to the vice president education to receive credit for the completion of the project.
	fter you have completed all components of the assignment, return to page 4 to rate your skills the post-project section.
Addit	ional Notes

EVALUATION FORM

Moderate a Panel Discussion

Member Name	Date
Evaluator	Speech Length: 20 – 40 minutes
Speech Title	
Purpose Statement The purpose of this project is for the member to apply his or her skills as a purpose discussion.	ıblic speaker and leader to facilitate a
 Notes for the Evaluator During the completion of this project, the member: Spent time planning a panel discussion on a topic Organized the panel discussion and invited at least three panelists About this panel discussion: The panel discussion should be well-organized and well-moderated by t Consider how the member sets the tone, keeps panelists on topic, fields 	
generally runs the panel discussion. This panel discussion should not be a report on the content of the "Mode"	
General Comments You excelled at:	
You may want to work on:	
To challenge yourself:	

EVALUATION FORM - Moderate a Panel Discussion

For the evaluator: In addition to your verbal evaluation, please complete this form.

S EXEMPLARY	EXCELS	ACCOMPLISHED	Z EMERGING	DEVELOPING	
Clarity: Spoke	en language i	is clear and is easily	understood		Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	
Vocal Variety	: Uses tone,	speed, and volume	as tools		Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	
Eye Contact:	Effectively us	ses eye contact to e	engage audien	ce	Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	
Gestures: Use	es physical ge	estures effectively			Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	
Audience Aw		emonstrates aware nd needs	ness of audien	ce engagement	Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	
		comfortable with th		•	Comment:
				1	Comment
5	4	3	2	'	
Interest: Eng	ages audienc	e with interesting, v	well-constructe	ed content	Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	
Moderating:	Moderates p	panel discussion we	·II		Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	
Panel Selecti	on: Selected topic	d panel members w	ell for their exp	pertise on the	Comment:
5	4	3	2	1	

Page 22 MODERATE A PANEL DISCUSSION

EVALUATION CRITERIA

Moderate a Panel Discussion

This criteria lists the specific goals and expectations for the speech. Please review each level to help you complete the evaluation.

Clarity

- 5 Is an exemplary public speaker who is always understood
- 4 Excels at communicating using the spoken word
- 3 Spoken language is clear and is easily understood
- 2 Spoken language is somewhat unclear or challenging to understand
- 1 Spoken language is unclear or not easily understood

Vocal Variety

- Uses the tools of tone, speed, and volume to perfection
- **4** Excels at using tone, speed, and volume as tools
- **3** Uses tone, speed, and volume as tools
- 2 Use of tone, speed, and volume requires further practice
- 1 Ineffective use of tone, speed, and volume

Eye Contact

- **5** Uses eye contact to convey emotion and elicit response
- **4** Uses eye contact to gauge audience reaction and response
- **3** Effectively uses eye contact to engage audience
- **2** Eye contact with audience needs improvement
- 1 Makes little or no eye contact with audience

Gestures

- **5** Fully integrates physical gestures with content to deliver an exemplary speech
- **4** Uses physical gestures as a tool to enhance speech
- **3** Uses physical gestures effectively
- **2** Uses somewhat distracting or limited gestures
- 1 Uses very distracting gestures or no gestures

Audience Awareness

- 5 Engages audience completely and anticipates audience needs
- **4** Is fully aware of audience engagement/needs and responds effectively
- **3** Demonstrates awareness of audience engagement and needs
- 2 Audience engagement or awareness of audience requires further practice

 Makes little or no attempt to engage audience or meet audience needs

Comfort Level

- **5** Appears completely self-assured with the audience
- **4** Appears fully at ease with the audience
- **3** Appears comfortable with the audience
- **2** Appears uncomfortable with the audience
- 1 Appears highly uncomfortable with the audience

Interest

- 5 Fully engages audience with exemplary, wellconstructed content
- **4** Engages audience with highly compelling, well-constructed content
- **3** Engages audience with interesting, well-constructed content
- 2 Content is interesting but not well-constructed or is well-constructed but not interesting
- 1 Content is neither interesting nor well-constructed

Moderating

- **5** Sets an exemplary example of successful panel moderation
- **4** Sets an excellent example of a well-moderated panel discussion
- **3** Moderates panel discussion well
- 2 Moderation skills are present, but need improvement
- 1 Shows little skill or preparation when moderating the panel discussion

Panel Selection

- **5** Exemplary selection of panel members for their expertise on the topic
- **4** Excellent selection of panel members for their expertise on the topic
- Selected panel members well for their expertise on the topic
- 2 Selection of some panel members is not reflective of topic or expertise
- 1 Panel members selected are inappropriate or ineffective for the topic of discussion

PANELIST BASICS

A Toastmasters member has asked you to participate on a panel that he or she will moderate. Use the following guidelines to prepare for your role.

Before the panel discussion:

- Speak with the moderator to understand the context of the panel.
- Study sources that connect your topic to the personal interest of the audience.
- Research or speak with the other panelists to prepare to defend your position when faced with opposing views.
 - If there is another panelist with a viewpoint similar to yours, coordinate with them to determine who will cover which aspects of the topic.
- Prepare for audience questions by creating a list of potential questions and answers that apply to your area of expertise.

During the panel discussion:

- Share speaking time with other panelists.
- Share personal stories only when they are relevant to the topic and discussion.
- Show respect toward the other panelists, both verbally and nonverbally.
- Show engagement toward any person speaking.
- Take a moment to gather your thoughts when you don't have an immediate answer to a question.
 - If you don't have an answer, defer to the moderator or a panelist who may be able to provide an answer.
- Maintain a conversational style to encourage audience members to engage with your point of view.
- Avoid confusing audience members by providing too much information at once.

After the panel discussion, you should:

- Thank the audience and the other panelists.
- Make yourself available to meet with audience members and answer any questions.

Notes			

PROJECT COMPLETION FORM

I completed all components of my "Moderate a Panel Discussion" project, including planning and moderating a panel discussion.

Note: You are only required to submit this form to the vice president education if you chose to plan and moderate a non-Toastmasters panel discussion.

Member Name	
Member Signature	Date



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